

**Year 11 Mathematics Specialist  
Test 6 2016**

Calculator Free  
Mathematical induction and complex numbers

**STUDENT'S NAME** \_\_\_\_\_

**DATE:**

**TIME:** 50 minutes

**MARKS:** 51

**INSTRUCTIONS:**

Standard Items: Pens, pencils, ruler, eraser.

Special Items: Formula sheet

Questions or parts of questions worth more than 2 marks require working to be shown to receive full marks.

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1. (5 marks)

If  $(a + bi)^2 = 3 + 4i$ , where  $a$  and  $b$  are real numbers, determine the values of  $a$  and  $b$ .

2. (3 marks)

Determine the quadratic equation whose roots are  $1 + 5i$  and  $1 - 5i$ .

3. (4 marks)

One root of the equation  $z^2 + az + b = 0$ , where  $a$  and  $b$  are real constants, is  $2 + 3i$ . Determine the values of  $a$  and  $b$ .

4. (6 marks)

The complex number  $z$  satisfies  $\frac{z}{z+2} = 2 - i$ . Determine the real and imaginary parts of  $z$ .  
(Hint: let  $z = a + bi$ ).

5. (9 marks)

Simplify the following complex expressions leaving your answer in the form  $a + bi$

(a)  $2 - i - (-3 + 2i)$  [1]

(b)  $(3 - 2i)(-2 + 5i)$  [2]

(c)  $\frac{-3 - i}{2 + 3i}$  [4]

(d)  $\frac{i}{-i^3}$  [2]

6. (5 marks)

Using the principle of mathematical induction prove

$$2^0 + 2^1 + 2^2 + \dots + 2^n = 2^{n+1} - 1 \quad \text{for } n \geq 0$$

7. (6 marks)

Using the principle of mathematical induction prove that  $9^n - 2^n$  is divisible by seven for  $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

8. (7 marks)

Prove  $\begin{bmatrix} -2 & 9 \\ -1 & 4 \end{bmatrix}^n = \begin{bmatrix} -3n+1 & 9n \\ -n & 3n+1 \end{bmatrix}$  for  $n \geq 1$  using mathematical induction

9. (6 marks)

Prove that  $\cos x + \cos 3x + \cos 5x + \dots + \cos [(2n-1)x] = \frac{\sin 2nx}{2\sin x}$  for  $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$